



Concept Through Questions



Lecture - 1



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#### Q1. What is the density of water at 4°C?

(a) 1 g/cm3
(b) 2 g/cm3
(c) 4 g/cm3
(d) 3 g/cm3





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- Q2. What will be the energy possessed by a stationary object of mass 10 kg placed at a height of 20 m above the ground? (take g = 10 m/s2)-
  - (a) 2 J (b) 20 kJ (c) 200 J (d) 2 kJ

#### Q3. Pitch of sound is determined by its-

(a) Frequency(b) Amplitude(c) Speed(d) Loudness





Q4. A 2.5 kg iron ball has the same diameter as a 1.25 kg aluminium ball. The balls are dropped at the same time from a cliff. Just before they reach the ground, they have same-(a) Acceleration (b) Momentum (c) Kinetic energy (d) Potential energy



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#### Q5. Which is electrically neutral and weakly microatom-

(a) neutrino(b) positron(c) electron(d) proton



#### Q6. Rain drops acquire spherical shape due to-

(a) Viscosity
(b) Surface tension
(c) Friction
(d) Elasticity

![](_page_6_Picture_3.jpeg)

Surface tension is responsible for the **shape** of liquid droplets. Although easily deformed, droplets of water tend to be pulled into a **spherical shape** by the cohesive forces of the surface layer. In the absence of other forces, including gravity, **drops** of virtually all liquids would be approximately **spherical**.

![](_page_6_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Picture_1.jpeg)

# Q7. Which of the following is the strongest force in nature?

(a) Gravitational force
(b) Nuclear force
(c) Electrostatic force
(d) Magnetic force

![](_page_7_Figure_4.jpeg)

So, electromagnetic force is  $\frac{1}{100}$  times the strong nuclear force.

Q8. At 20C, the speed of sound in water is approximately – (a) 330 m/s (b) 800 m/s (c) 1500 m/s (d) 5000 m/s

![](_page_8_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q9. The Sun is seen little before is rises and for a short while after it sets. This is because of-(a) total internal reflection (b) atmospheric refraction (c) apparent shift in the direction of Sun (d) Dispersion

![](_page_9_Figure_3.jpeg)

#### Q10. The persistence of vision for human eye is-

(a) 1/6th of a second
(b) 1/10th of a second
(c) 1/16th of a second
(d) 1/18th of a second

![](_page_10_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q11. What is the temperature at which both the Fahrenheit and the centigrade scales have the same value-(a) -37

- (b) -96.8 (c) -40
- (d) -273

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# Q12. What type of eyeglasses should a nearsighted

person wear-

(a) diverging lenses
(b) bifocal lenses
(c) converging lenses
(d) plano-convex lenses

![](_page_12_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q13. When milk is churned the cream separates from it due to-

- (a) Frictional force
- (b) Centrifugal force
- (c) Gravitational force
- (d) Viscous forces

![](_page_13_Picture_7.jpeg)

- Q14. Certain substances loose their electrical resistance completely at super low temperature. Such substances are called-
  - (a) super conductors
  - (b) semi conductors
  - (c) dielectrics
  - (d) perfect conductors

![](_page_14_Picture_6.jpeg)

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Q15. When 1 litre of water is cooled from 4°C to 0°C, its volume-

- (a) first decreases and then increases
- (b) remains the same
- (c) increases
- (d) Decreases

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Q16. A body of 20 kg is lying at rest. Under the action of a constant force, it gains a speed of 7 m/s. The work done by the force will be-

> (a) 490J (b) 500J (c) 390J (d) 430J

![](_page_16_Picture_4.jpeg)

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Q17. Which of the following waves used in, night vision Apparatus-

- (a) radio waves(b) microwave(c) infrared waves
- (d) none of these

#### Q18. The sky appears blue due to-

(a) Rayleigh scattering
(b) Mie scattering
(c) Newton scattering
(d) None of the above

![](_page_18_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_4.jpeg)

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# Q19. Total Internal Reflection can not take place when light goes from-

- (a) Water to Glass
- (b) Glass to water
- (c) Water to air
- (d) Glass to air

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Q20. A water tank appears shallower when it is viewed from top due to-(a) Rectillinear propagation of light

- (a) Rectillinear propagation of light
- (b) Reflection
- (c) Total Internal Reflection
- (d) Refraction

![](_page_20_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q21. Reflection from a smooth surface like that of a mirror is called reflection-

(a) Regular(b) Irregular(c) Diffused(d) Fused

![](_page_21_Figure_4.jpeg)

Diffuse reflection from rough surfaces

Regular reflection from smooth surfaces

Incident rays Reflected rays

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Q22. The bending of light when it passes around a corner or a slit is due to-(a) Reflection

(b) Refraction(c) Diffraction(d) Total internal reflection

![](_page_22_Figure_4.jpeg)

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Q23. If the time period of a sound wave is 0.02 s, then what is its frequency?

(a) 50 Hz (b) 100 Hz (c) 25 Hz (d) 500 Hz

![](_page_24_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q24. What happens to the force of gravitation between two objects when the mass of one object is doubled?
(a) The force of gravitation is four times
(b) The force of gravitation is doubled
(c) The force of gravitation is tripled
(d) The force of gravitation is halved

![](_page_25_Picture_1.jpeg)

# Q25. In which medium does light have the maximum velocity? (a) Glass

(b) Diamond
(c) Vacuum
(d) Water

![](_page_25_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Q26. Magnetic field is a-

- (a) scalar quantity
- (b) vector quantity
- (c) dimensionless quantity
- (d) More than one of the above
- (e) None of the above

![](_page_26_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_1.jpeg)

- Q27. Which instrument is used for measuring electric potential?
  - (a) Potentiometer
  - (b) Galvanometer
  - (c) Voltmeter
  - (d) More than one of the above
  - (e) None of the above

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Q28. The colored light that refracts most while passing through a prism is-

(a) yellow
(b) violet
(c) blue
(d) More than one of the above
(e) None of the above

# Q29. The resistance of a conductor is directly proportional to its-

- (a) area of cross-section
- (b) density
- (c) length
- (d) More than one of the above
- (e) None of the above

![](_page_29_Picture_7.jpeg)

#### Q30. Light Emitting Diode (LED) work on principle of-

- (a) Electroluminescence
- (b) Laser
- (c) Themionic emission
- (d) Photoelectric code

![](_page_30_Picture_6.jpeg)

#### Q31. The focal length of normal eye lens is about-

(a) 1 mm
(b) 25 cm
(c) 2 cm
(d) More than one of the above
(e) None of the above

![](_page_31_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Q32. Equivalent energy of 1 amu is-

(a) 9.31 MeV
(b) 931 KeV
(c) 93.1 MeV
(d) 931 Mev

![](_page_32_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Q33. What type of waves are light wave?

(a) Transverse wave
(b) Longitudinal wave
(c) Both A & B
(d) None

![](_page_33_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Q34. A ball pen function on the principle of-

- (a) Viscosity(b) Capillarity(c) Gravity
- (d) Atmospheric pressure

![](_page_34_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_5.jpeg)

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Q35. Which one is the unit of surface tension of a liquid-(a) newton /m2

(b) electron volt /cm2(c) joule/ mm(d) None of the above

#### Q36. The unit of Joule per Coulomb is-

(a) Ampere (A)
(b) Joule (J)
(c) Volt (V)
(d) Coulomb (C)

![](_page_36_Picture_4.jpeg)

Q37. Which device is best suited for measuring the temperature inside metallurgical furnaces? (a) Pyrometer (b) Thermocouple (c) Thermometer (d) Thermistor

![](_page_37_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_38_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q38. If a person mass 66 kg on the Earth, how much is his mass on the moon?

(a) 66 kg (b) 11 kg (c) 132 kg (d) 77 kg

![](_page_38_Picture_4.jpeg)

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#### Q39. What is the concept of spherical lenses?

(a) Radiation of light(b) Light refraction(c) Scattering of light(d) Light reflection

![](_page_39_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q40. How many electrons are there in one Coloumb of charge?

- (a) 625 x 10\*-19 electrons
- (b) 0.625 x 10\*-18 electrons
- (c) 6.25 x 10\*18 electrons
- (d) 62.5 x 10-19 electrons

![](_page_41_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Q41. In which medium does sound travel at maximum speed? (a) Liquids (b) Solids (c) Same speed in gases and liquids (d) Gases

![](_page_41_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Q42. The name of first artificial satellite of India was-

(a) Bhaskar(b) Aryabhatta(c) Rohini(d) Edusat

![](_page_42_Picture_4.jpeg)

Q43. A rectifier is an electronic device used to convert-

(a) AC voltage into DC voltage/AC
(b) DC voltage into AC voltage
(c) Sinusoidal pulse into square pulse
(d) None of the above

![](_page_43_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_1.jpeg)

# Q44. Which of the following measurements is not a unit of distance?

(a) Ammeter(b) Cubit(c) Parsec(d) Angstrom

![](_page_44_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q45. When a body is raised upwards from the Surface of the earth, its weight shall-

(a) decrease(b) fluctuate(c) Increase(d) remain the same

![](_page_46_Picture_1.jpeg)

- Q46. Electric bulbs are usually filled with chemically inactive gases-
  - (a) Nitrogen and oxygen
  - (b) Nitrogen and argon
  - (c) Nitrogen and carbon monoxide
  - (d) Nitrogen and carbon-dioxide

Q47. A piece of ice is floating on water in a container. What will happen to the surface of water when whole ice piece melts-(a) will go up (b) will not change (c) will go down (d) none of these

![](_page_47_Picture_2.jpeg)

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Q48. Twinkling of stars in clear sky during night time can be explained with-

(a) refraction of light(b) reflection of light(c) polarization of light(d) interference of light

#### Q49. On heating, the resistance of a semiconductor-

- (a) increases
- (b) decreases
- (c) remains same
- (d) first increases and then decreases

![](_page_49_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Picture_7.jpeg)

#### Q50. Which color of light has the highest energy?

(a) Violet
(b) Green
(c) Yellow
(d) Orange
(e) Red

![](_page_50_Figure_3.jpeg)

Q51. A pendulum beats faster than a standard pendulum. In order to bring it to the standard beat, the length of the pendulum is to be-(a) reduced and mass of the bob increased (b) reduced and also the mass of the bob reduced (c) increased

(d) Reduced

![](_page_52_Picture_1.jpeg)

Q52. Which of the following produce a virtual image longer in size than the object?

(a) Concave lens
(b) Convex lens
(c) Concave mirror
(d) (b) and (c) both

#### Q53. Parsec is the unit of-

(a) magnetic force(b) shining of light(c) distance(d) Time

![](_page_53_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Q54. An air bubble inside water behaves as a-

- (a) concavo convex lens(b) plano-convex lens(c) concave lens
- (d) convex lens

![](_page_54_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_54_Picture_5.jpeg)

#### Q55. Red light is used as danger signal because it-

- (a) absorbs least in air
- (b) produces least chemical reactions
- (c) is comfortable for eyes
- (d) is scattered least

![](_page_55_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_55_Picture_7.jpeg)

#### Q56. As you go down into a well, your weight-

- (a) increases slightly
- (b) decreases slightly
- (c) remains exactly the same
- (d) None of the above

![](_page_56_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_56_Picture_7.jpeg)