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GATE 2019 Electrical Engineering

Memory based Questions and Solutions

Date of Exam: 9/2/2019

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- Eigen value of a matrix m is 4 and 9, then eigen value of m^2 is Q.1
 - (a) 4 and 9

(b) 16 and 81

(c) 8 and 18

(d) 24 and 36

Ans. (b)

Eigen value of a matrix *m* is

$$\lambda_1 = 4$$
 and $\lambda_2 = 9$

 $\lambda_{\rm 1} = 4 \ {\rm and} \ \lambda_{\rm 2} = 9$ Eigen value of matrix m^2 is

$$\lambda_1^2 = 16$$
 and $\lambda_2^2 = 81$

Option (b) is correct.

End of Solution

If $m = [V_1 \ V_2]$, where m is a 2×2 matrix and V_1 and V_2 are column vector and $m^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} u_1^T \\ u_2^T \end{bmatrix}$, Q.2

consider the given statement.

Statement-1: $u_1^T V_1 = 1$ and $u_2^T V_2 = 1$.

Statement-2: $u_2^T V_1 = 0$ and $u_1^T V_2 = 0$

which one of the following is correct?

- (a) Statement 1 is right, statement 2 is wrong.
- (b) Statement 2 is right, statement 1 is wrong.
- (c) Both statement 1 is wrong.
- (d) Both statement is right.

Ans. (d)

Both statements are correct.

■ ● ■ End of Solution

If $\vec{A} = 2x\hat{i} + 3y\hat{j} + 4z\hat{k}$ and $u = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ then the $\nabla(u\vec{A})$ at (1, 1, 1) is _____. Q.3

Ans. (45)

- $\oint_{|z|=5} \frac{z^3 + z^2 + 8}{z + 2} dZ$ is _____. Value of integral in anticlock direction is Q.4
 - (a) $-4\pi j$

(b) $4\pi j$

(c) $8\pi j$

(d) $-8\pi j$

Ans. (c)

— ● ● ● End of Solution

- Which one of the following function is analytic. In region $|z| \le 1$? Q.5
 - (a) $\frac{z^2-1}{z-0.5}$

(b) $\frac{z^2 - 1}{z + 2}$

(c) $\frac{z^2 - 1}{z + 0.5i}$

(d) $\frac{z^2 - 1}{z}$

Ans. (b)

End of Solution

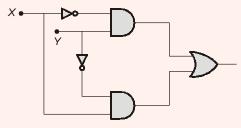
Q.6 Rank of the given matrix is _____.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Ans. (3)

End of Solution

Q.7 Which one of the following is correct gate for given circuit?



(a) AND

(b) OR

(c) X-OR

(d) X-NOR

Ans. (c)

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Q.8 The output equation for given K-map is

\ F	Q				
RS	\	00	01	11	10
0	0	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	0	0

(a) $Q\bar{R}+S$

(b) $Q\bar{R} + \bar{S}$

(c) $QR + \bar{S}$

(d) QR + S

Ans. (a)

Output equation = $S + Q\bar{R}$

● ● End of Solution

■ ● ■ End of Solution

— ● ● ■ End of Solution

- Q.9 The missing term of the following series is 343, 1331, _____, 4913
 - (a) 4096

(b) 2197

(c) 2744

(d) 3375

Ans. (b)

$$343 \rightarrow 7^3$$

$$1331 \rightarrow 11^3$$

$$4913 \to 17^3$$

These are cubes of prime numbers,

missing term =
$$13^3 = 2197$$

- I am not sure if the bus that has been booked will be able to _____ all the students.
 - (a) fill

(b) accommodate

(c) sit

(d) deteriorate

Ans. (b)

Q.11 Newspaper are constant source of delight and recreation for one. The _____ trouble is

that I read ____ many of them.

(b) only, too

(a) only, quite (c) even, quite

(d) even, too

Ans. (b)

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Q.12	A person X can mow the lawn in 2 minutes he will take to mow when (a) 60 (c) 120	hours and person Y can mow in 4 hours. How m n both work together is (b) 90 (d) 80	any			
Ans.	(d)	● ● ■ End of Solu	ution.			
Q.13	Passengers were angry the (a) with (c) towards		lion			
Ans.	(a)					
Q.14	How many numbers have all ever (a) 100 (c) 80	n digits even between 100 and 1000. (b) 90 (d) 60	ition			
Ans.	(a)					
Q.15	Set Z is formed from the sets X and Y, where $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $Y = \{2, 3, 4\}$. Find the product of maximum and minimum values of the set which is formed using X and Y where being the numerator and Y being denominator. (a) $\frac{5}{3}$ (b) $\frac{3}{8}$					

(c) $\frac{1}{2}$

(d) $\frac{4}{5}$

Ans. (b)

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- Q.16 The ratio of number of boys and girls is 4:3. The total passed candidates is 80% and only girls passed candidates is 90%. Then percentage of boys passed candidates is
 - (a) 72.5

(b) 60

(c) 24.5

(d) 30

Ans. (a)

> Number of boys = 4xLet, Number of girls = 3xand

> > Total passed candidates = $\frac{80}{100} \times 7x = \frac{28}{5}x$

Number of girls candidates who passed

$$= \frac{90}{100} \times 3x = \frac{27}{10}x$$

Now total number of candidates passed

= Number of girls who passed + Number of boys who passed

Number of boys who passed = $\left(\frac{28}{5} - \frac{27}{10}\right)x = \frac{56 - 27}{10}x = \frac{29}{10}x$

% of boys =
$$\frac{29}{10 \times 4x} x \times 100 = 72.5\%$$

Option (a) is correct.

End of Solution

- Q.17 There are five members Mita, Ganga, Rita, Laxmi and Sana. Ganga is taller than Laxmi and Rita both. Laxmi is taller than Sana, Mita is taller than Ganga. Which of the following statement is correct?
 - 1. Laxmi is taller than Rita.
- 2. Mita is taller than Rita.
- 3. Rita is taller than Sana.
- 4. Ganga is taller than Sana.

(a) 1

(b) 3

(c) 1 and 3

(d) 2 and 4

(d) Ans.

Q.18
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - C^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \right) = 0 \text{ is } \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(a) Poisson equation

(b) Wave equation

(c) Laplace equation

(d) Heat equation

Ans. (b)

The given equation is wave equation.

End of Solution

For the 2 bus system Y-bus is given, $\begin{bmatrix} -j8 & j20 \\ i20 & -j8 \end{bmatrix}$. Q.19

System has two parallel lines between buses then the series reactance of one line is

(0.1)Ans.

$$Y_{12} = -j20$$

$$Y_{12}^1$$
 of one transmission line = $\frac{-j20}{2} = -j10$

Series reactance = $\frac{1}{-i10} = j0.1$

Magnitude is 0.1 p.u.

End of Solution

The output of the system is $Y(s) = \frac{10}{s(s^2 + s + 100\sqrt{2})}$. Q.20

Steady state value of y(t) is _____.

(a) $100\sqrt{2}$

(b) $10\sqrt{2}$

(c) $\frac{1}{100\sqrt{2}}$

(d) $\frac{1}{10\sqrt{2}}$

Ans.

Steady state value of $y(t) = Lt_{s\to 0} sY(s)$

$$= Lt _{s\to 0} \frac{10s}{s(s^2 + s + 100\sqrt{2})}$$

$$= \frac{10}{100\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{10\sqrt{2}}$$

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Open loop transfer function, $G(s) = \frac{\pi e^{-0.25s}}{s}$ at which point Nyquist plot passes through Q.21

negative X-axis.

(a)
$$(-0.5, j0)$$

(b)
$$(-1.25, i0)$$

(c)
$$(-1.5, j0)$$

(d)
$$(-0.75, i0)$$

Ans. (a)

$$\angle G(j\omega) = -0.25 \times \frac{180\omega_{pc}}{\pi} - 90^{\circ} = -180^{\circ}$$

$$-0.25 \times \frac{180\omega_{pc}}{\pi} = -90^{\circ}$$

$$\omega_{pc} = \frac{4\pi}{2} = 2\pi$$

$$|G(j\omega)|_{\omega=\omega_{pc}} = \left|\frac{\pi e^{-0.25s}}{s}\right|_{\omega=\omega_{pc}} = \frac{\pi}{2\pi} = 0.5$$

 \therefore Point is (-0.5, i0).

End of Solution

Consider a stable variable modes of a system, Q.22

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\alpha & -2\beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

or

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The damping ratio ξ and undamped natural frequency ω_0 of given state variable model.

(a)
$$\xi = \sqrt{\frac{\alpha}{\beta}}$$
, $\omega_n = \sqrt{\beta}$

(b)
$$\xi = \sqrt{\alpha}$$
 and $\omega_n = \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$

(c)
$$\xi = \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$$
 and $\omega_n = \sqrt{\alpha}$

(d)
$$\xi = \sqrt{\beta}$$
 and $\omega_n = \sqrt{\alpha}$

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(c) Ans.

Characteristic equation is,

$$|SI - A| = 0$$

$$|sI - A| = \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 \\ \alpha & s + 2\beta \end{bmatrix} = s^2 + 2s\beta + \alpha = 0$$

$$\omega_n^2 = \alpha$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{0}$$

$$\omega_{n} = \sqrt{\alpha}$$
$$2\xi\omega_{n} = 2\beta$$

$$\xi = \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$$

End of Solution

Q.23 Characteristic equation of a control system is given as,

$$1 + G(s) H(s) = s^4 + 3s^3 + 3s^2 + s + k = 0$$

The system is BIBO stable if

(a)
$$k > 3$$

(b)
$$k < 6$$

(c)
$$0 < k < \frac{8}{9}$$

(d)
$$0 < k < \frac{12}{9}$$

Ans. (c)

Routh array is

$$\begin{vmatrix}
s^{4} & 1 & 3 & k \\
s^{3} & 3 & 1 \\
s^{2} & \frac{8}{3} & k
\end{vmatrix}$$

$$s^{1} & \frac{\left(\frac{8}{3} - k\right)}{8/3}$$

$$s^{0} & k$$

For BIBO stability,

$$\frac{\left(\frac{8}{3} - 3k\right)}{\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)} > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$k < \frac{8}{}$$

$$0 < k < \frac{8}{9}$$

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Q.24
$$H(s) = \frac{a_1 s^2 + b_1 s + c_1}{a_2 s^2 + b_2 s + c_2}$$
, $a_1 = b_1 = 0$ and all other coefficients > 0. Which type of filter

it is?

(a) Low pass filter

(b) High pass filter

(c) Notch filter

(d) Bandpass

Ans. (a)

$$a_{1} = b_{1} = 0$$

$$H(s) = \frac{C_{1}}{a_{2}s^{2} + b_{2}s + C_{2}}$$

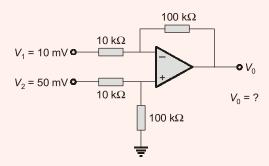
$$H(0) = \frac{C_{1}}{C_{2}}$$

$$H(\infty) = 0$$

:. It is a low pass filter.

End of Solution

Q.25



(a) 500 mV

(b) 100 mV

(c) 300 mV

(d) 400 mV

Ans. (d)

$$V_0 = -\frac{100 k}{10 k} (V_1) + \left(1 + \frac{100 k}{10 k}\right) V_2 \times \left(\frac{100}{100 + 10}\right)$$
$$= -10 \times 10 + \frac{110}{10} \times \frac{100}{110} \times 50$$
$$= -100 + 500 = 400 \text{ mV}$$

Transfer function of a phase lead compensator is $T(s) = \frac{3\left(s + \frac{1}{3T}\right)}{\left(s + \frac{1}{T}\right)}$. Q.26

Frequency at which $\angle T(j\omega)$ is maximum

(b) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{3T^2}}$

(c) $\sqrt{3T}$

Ans. (b)

Which of the following impulse response is not output of causal linear time invariant Q.27 system?

(a) $e^{at} u(t)$

(b) $e^{-a(t-T)} u(t)$

(c) $1 + e^{-at} u(t)$

(d) $e^{-a(t+T)}u(t)$

Ans.

Due to presence of 1, given system is non-causal.

End of Solution

End of Solution

Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s+3}{s^2+2s+1}$. Q.28

(a) $2t e^{-t} + e^{-t}$

(b) $3t e^{-t} + e^{-t}$

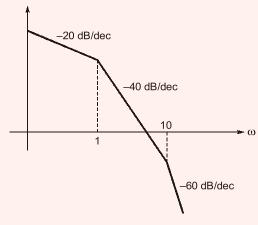
(c) $4t e^{-t} + e^{-t}$

(d) $3e^{-t}$

Ans. (a)

= ● ● ■ End of Solution

Q.29 For the Bode plot given below which of the following statement are correct?



Statement-1: The transfer function has 3 pole and one zero.

Statement-2: Value of $\angle G(j\omega)$ H($j\omega$) is $-3\pi/2$ when ω tends to infinity.

- (a) Statement 1 is correct statement 2 is wrong.
- (b) Statement 2 is correct statement 1 is wrong.
- (c) Both statements are correct.
- (d) Both statements are wrong.

Ans. (b)

■ ● ● End of Solution

If $f = 2x^3 + 3y^2 + 4z$, $\int \operatorname{grad} f \cdot dr$ along the path $(-3, -3, 2) \to (2, -3, 2) \to (2, 6, 2)$ Q.30

 \rightarrow (2, 6, -1) will be

(139)Ans.

■ ● ● End of Solution

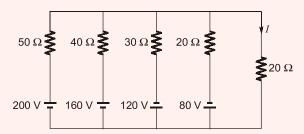
The probability of a defective resistor is 0.02, there are 50 such resistors. Find the Q.31 probability that two or more than two are defective?

(0.26)Ans.

■ ● ● End of Solution

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Find the value of current *I* in the given circuit. Q.32

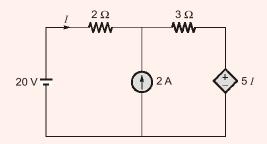


(0) Ans.

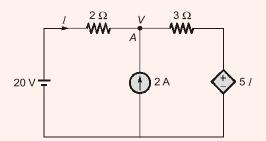
By Millman's theorem,
$$I = \frac{\frac{200}{50} + \frac{160}{40} - \frac{120}{30} - \frac{80}{20}}{\frac{1}{50} + \frac{1}{40} + \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{20}} = 0 \text{ A}$$

End of Solution

Q.33 Find the value of current *I* in the circuit below.



Ans. (1.4)



Applying KCL at A,

$$I + 2 A = \frac{V - 5I}{3} \qquad \dots (i)$$

$$I = \frac{20 - V}{2}$$
 ...(ii)

Solving above two equations,

$$I = 1.4 A$$

End of Solution

End of Solution

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A DC motor with terminal voltage 220 V, has field resistance of 220 Ω and armature Q.34 resistance of 0.5 Ω takes 25 A at full load while running at 1500 rpm. At no-load it takes 3 A from line, then the speed at no-load is ____ rpm.

Ans. (1579.32)

- A three-phase synchronous motor draws 200 A from line at unity power factor at rated Q.35 load. The line current I_1 at power factor 0.5 lead for same line voltage and load will be
 - (a) 400 A

(b) 200 A

(c) 300 A

(d) 100 A

Ans. (a)

$$P = V_1 \cos \phi$$

For same line voltage and lead,

 $I\cos\phi = \mathrm{constant}$

$$I_1 \cos \phi_1 = I_2 \cos \phi_2$$

$$200 \times 1 = 12 \times 0.5 = 400 \text{ A}$$

A delta connected 3.7 kW, 400 V (line) 3-\(\phi\), 4 pole, 50 Hz, squirrel cage induction motor Q.36 has following parameters per phase referred to stator:

$$R_1 = 5.39 \ \Omega, \quad R_2 = 5.72 \ \Omega, \quad X_1 = X_2 = 8.22 \ \Omega$$

Neglecting shunt branch in equivalent circuit, the starting line current when it is connected to 100 V (line), 10 Hz, 3-φ source is _____.

Ans. (14.95)

A single phase transformer of rating 25 kVA, supplies 12 kW at power factor of 0.6 lag. Q.37 The additional load at unity power factor in kW that may be added before the transformer exceeds rated kVA will be _____.

Ans. (7.2)

$$P_{t} = 12 \text{ kW}$$

$$Q_L = \frac{12}{0.6} \times \sin[\cos^{-1}(0.6)] = 16 \text{ kVAR}$$

As Q_i is fixed then,

$$S^2 = P^2 + Q^2$$

(25 k)² = P^2 + (16 k)²

$$P = 19.2 \text{ kW}$$

Additional load that can be added

$$= P - P_1 = 7.2 \text{ kW}$$

End of Solution

■ ● ● End of Solution

End of Solution

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- Five alternators rated 5 MVA, 13.2 kV with 25% reactance on their own base are connected Q.38 in parallel to infinite bus bar. The short-circuit level in MVA at bus bar will be ____.
- Ans. (100)

Under short circuit reactance diagram would be

$$X_f = \frac{0.25}{5} = 0.05$$

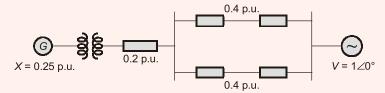
Short circuit current =
$$\frac{1 \text{ pu}}{X_f} = \frac{1}{0.05} = 20 \text{ pu}$$

Short circuit MVA = $20 \times 5 = 100$ MVA

Q.39 A 220 V, synchronous is star connected and has synchronous impedance $(0.25 + j2.5) \Omega$ /phase. The motor draws 10 A at 0.8 p.f. leading. The rms value of line to line internal voltage is _____.

(200.9)Ans.

Q.40 Single machine connected to infinite bus system generator delivers real power of 0.8 p.u. at 0.8 power factor (lag) to infinite bus. The power angle of generator is _____.



(20.5)Ans.

The voltage across and current through a element are given as, Q.41

$$V = -170\cos\left(377t - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$i = 8\sin\left(377t + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

the power absorbed by element in watts is _____

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Ans. (588.8)

$$V(t) = -170\cos\left(377t - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$= 170\sin\left(377t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$i(t) = 8\sin\left(377t + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$P = V_{\text{rms}} \times I_{\text{rms}} \cos\phi$$

$$= \frac{170}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{8}{\sqrt{2}} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = 588.8 \text{ W}$$

Q.42 A 50 MVA, 30 kVA alternator has the positive, negative and zero sequence reactance 0.25 pu, 0.15 and 0.05 pu respectively. A reactance is connected in neutral of the generator. The value of reactance to make fault level of line to ground fault and 3-phase fault at the terminal of alternator will be equal to _____ ohms.

(1.8)Ans.

Q.43 An n-channel enhancement type MOSFET is there then condition for MOSFET to be in saturation is

(a)
$$V_{GS} < V_{Th}$$
, $V_{DS} \le V_{GS} - V_{Th}$

(c)
$$V_{GS} < V_{Th}$$
, $V_{DS} \ge V_{GS} - V_{Th}$

(d)
$$V_{GS} > V_{Th}$$
, $V_{DS} \le V_{GS} - V_{Th}$

Ans. (b)

In a transmission line total inductance seen from the circuit breaker is 0.5 mH and the Q.44 shunt capacitance is 0.05 µH. Critical resistance required to die out the transient oscillation is _____.

Ans. (500)

A 3- ϕ , 50 Hz, 400 kV line is 300 km long. The line inductance is 1 mH/km/phase and Q.45 capacitance, $C = 0.01 \,\mu\text{F/km/phase}$. The line is under open circuit condition at receiving

end and energized with 400 kV at sending end, the receiving end voltage will be ____.

Ans. (435.3)

End of Solution

End of Solution

End of Solution

End of Solution

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■ ● ● End of Solution

- ● ● ■ End of Solution

End of Solution

Q.46 A single-phase full controlled converter is used to obtain average voltage of 180 V with 10 A constant current feeding dc load. It is fed from a single phase ac 230 V, 50 Hz supply. Neglect source impedance and over lap. The power factor of AC mains is _____.

Ans. (0.782)

- A six pulse thyristor bridge rectifier is connected to a balanced 3-φ, 50 Hz ac source. Q.47 Assuming dc output current to be constant, the lowest harmonic component in ac input current is
 - (a) 250 Hz

(b) 150 Hz

(c) 100 Hz

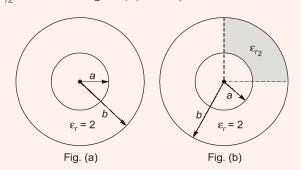
(d) 300 Hz

Ans. (a)

Q.48 A capacitor of 0.1 μF is charged upto 100 V then it is to be discharged through 1 kW resistor. The time required to reach the value of capacitor voltage to 1 V is _____ msec.

(0.46)Ans.

A coaxial cable is as shown in figure (a). When 1/4th of the region is filled with as dielectric Q.49 of permittivity ε_p as shown in figure (b) the capacitance doubles. The value of ε_p is _____.



Ans. (10)

Q.50 5 A CT has impedance having burden in secondary of fault current is 20 times of normal rated calculated VA.

(100)Ans.

End of Solution

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- Q.51 A research shows that men are as prone as women to buy in an impulse. But women feel guilt about shopping. Choose best deduction:
 - (a) All men and women buy in impulse.
 - (b) Many men and women buy in impulse.
 - (c) Some men and women buy in impulse.
 - (d) Few men and women buy in impulse.

Ans.

● ● End of Solution

A boost converter has input voltage of 24 V and a output voltage of 48 V. It supplies Q.52 a power of 120 W to a resistive load of 24 Ω . The switching frequency is 50 kHz. The value of critical boost inductor in µH required at boundary of continuous and discontinuous conduction is _____.

Ans. (24)

$$V_0 = \frac{V_s}{1-\alpha}$$

$$48 = \frac{24}{1-\alpha}$$

$$\alpha = 0.5$$

$$\therefore V_s I_s = 120$$

$$I_s = \frac{120}{24} = 5 \text{ A} = I_L$$

$$I_L = \frac{\alpha V_s}{2fL}$$

...(at boundary)

So critical value inductor,

$$L = \frac{\alpha V_s}{2fI_t} = \frac{0.5 \times 24}{2 \times 50 \times 10^3 \times 5} = 24 \,\mu\text{H}$$

- Q.53 A PMMC instrument with 10 Ω internal resistance. Shows full scale reading for 10 mA current. The external resistance connected in series to make the instrument able to measure μp to 100 V is _____.
 - (a) 9990 Ω

(b) 990 Ω

(c) 90Ω

(d) 9Ω

Ans. (a)

End of Solution

- Q.54 A buck converter is supplied from 48 V and has a load resistance of 24 Ω . It has a switching frequency of f_s 250 Hz and switch on time is 1 msec then the power absorbed by the load is ____ watt.
 - (a) 24 W

(b) 6 W

(c) 12 W

(d) 36 W

Ans. (b)

Given that,

$$V_s = 48$$
 V, $R_L = 24$ Ω $f_s = 250$ Hz, $T_{\rm ON} = 1$ msec

٠.

$$T = \frac{1}{f_0} = \frac{1}{250} = 4 \text{ msec}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{T_{ON}}{T} = \frac{1}{4} = 0.25$$

$$V_0 = \alpha V_s = \frac{1}{4} \times 48 = 12 \text{ V}$$

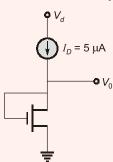
$$P_0 = \frac{V_0^2}{R_I} = \frac{(12)^2}{24} = \frac{144}{24} = 6 \text{ W}$$

A 3-\$\phi\$ full converter is supplied with 440 V supplies a constant dc current of 100 A in Q.55 the load. If the output voltage is 400 V then the rms value of line current in ac supply

(81.64)Ans.

A MOSFET has threshold volage of $V_{th} = 500$ mV, $\mu_0 C_{ox} = 100 \,\mu\text{A/V}^2$ and $\frac{W}{I} = \frac{100 \,\mu\text{m}}{10 \,\mu\text{m}}$. Q.56

If transistor is in saturation the gate voltage V_0 would be _____.



- (a) 600 mV
- (c) 400 mV

- (b) 300 mV
- (d) 200 mV

Ans. (a)

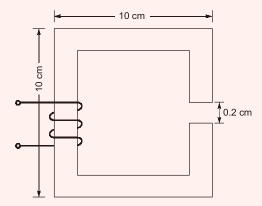
● ● End of Solution

End of Solution

● ● End of Solution

Detailed Solutions of GATE 2019 : Electrical Engineering 09-02-2019

Q.57 A magnetic core has a mean length of 40 cm and an air gap of 0.2 cm. If the permeability of the core is assumed to be infinite, then the flux density through the air gap is 1 T. If the core has pemeability of 1000 then the flux density through the air gap would be



Ans. (0.83)

Q.58 A 50 kVA 200/100 V transformer has the output at secondary terminal of 95 V then the voltage regulation is _____.

(a) 4.5%

(b) 5%

(c) 9%

(d) 2%

Ans. (b)

End of Solution

End of Solution

Q.59 The mean square value of a zero mean random process is kT/C, then standard deviation of random process is

Ans. (a)

Q.60 A CCCS amplifier has input impedance of 10 Ω and output impedance of 100 k Ω . If the negative feedback of loop gain 9 is applied to the amplifier then output impedance of the feedback amplifier woule be _

(a) $10 \text{ k}\Omega$

(b) $100 \text{ k}\Omega$

(c) $1000 \text{ k}\Omega$

(d) $1 k\Omega$

Ans. (c)

End of Solution